

Inside Hotel California

How the Internet giants dominate
through culture and technology

Vittorio Bertola – 21 October 2020





Who am I

Internet expert since 1995

Free software activist

Loves Perl

Former CTO at Vitaminic

Apologizes for co-founding
the M5S

Involved in Internet
governance since ages

Currently head of policy
at **Open-Xchange**



German open source
software company

Maker of





Disclaimer

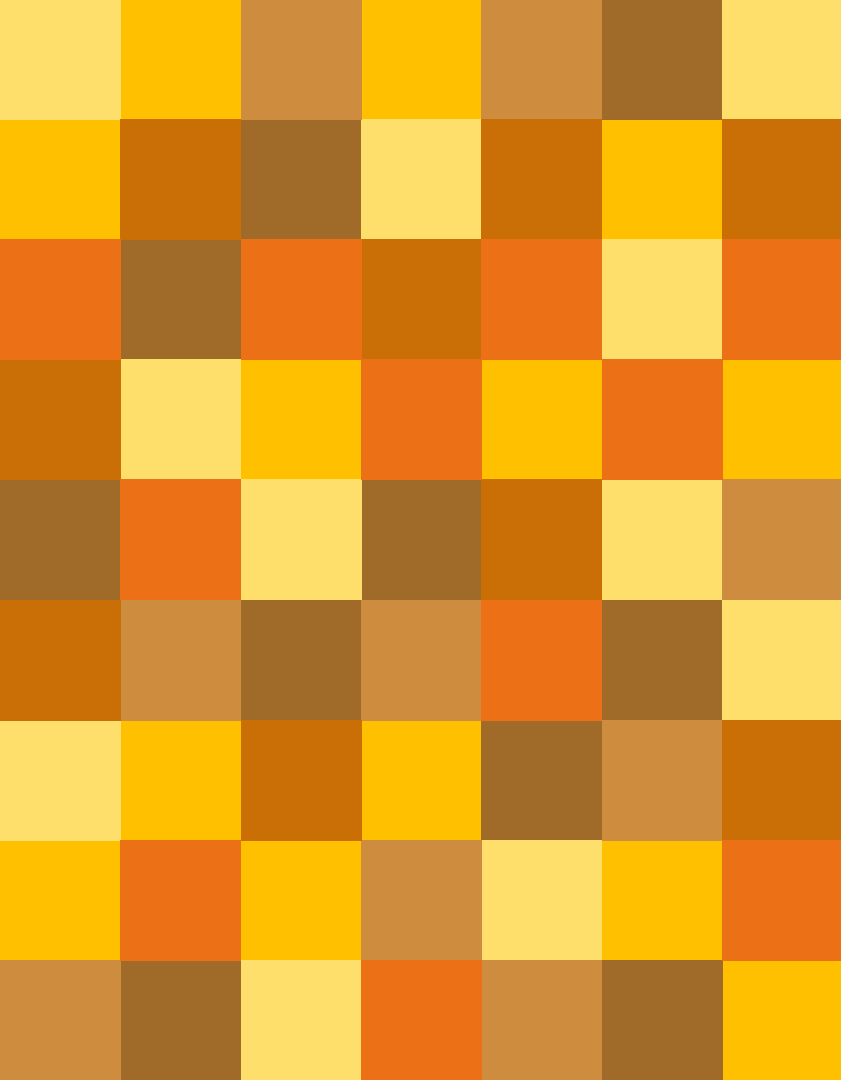
I do not hate Google,
Microsoft etc, or the U.S.

I do not want to «put the
Internet under control»

I do not like censorship

I do not like communism

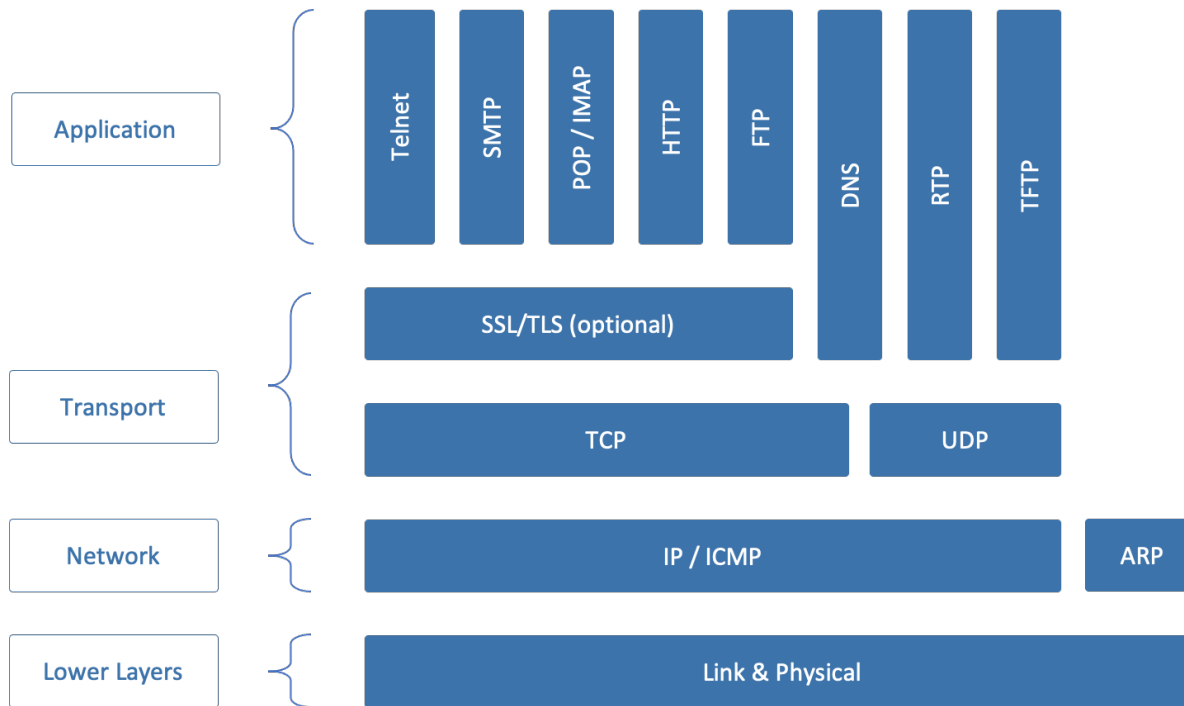
This is not a plot – just
business and geopolitics



1.

Welcome to the
Hotel California





The Internet!

Federated services: Email

All email services are compatible and interoperable

Any email address can write to any other email address from any provider

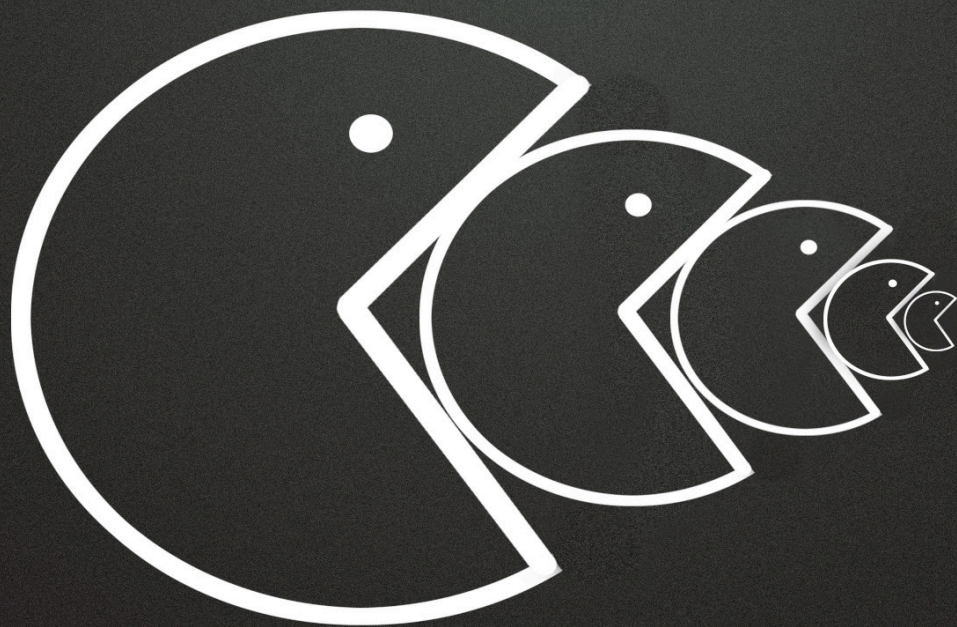
Anyone can offer email services

All standards are open and public

There are many free software implementations











Android



Social



Facebook



Twitter



Skype



Nachrichten



Messenger



WhatsApp



Snapchat



Instagram



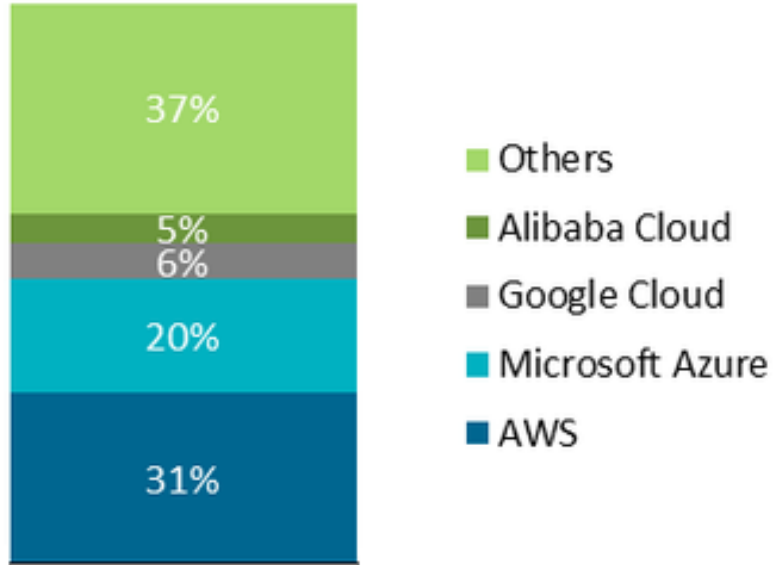
Periscope



iOS



US\$34.6 billion
Growth: 31.4%



Q2 2020

Source: Canalys estimates, July 2020



There is no cloud
it's just someone else's computer

THE LARGEST COMPANIES BY MARKET CAP

The oil barons have been replaced by the whiz kids of Silicon Valley



Top 5 Publicly Traded Companies (by Market Cap)



Tech



Other

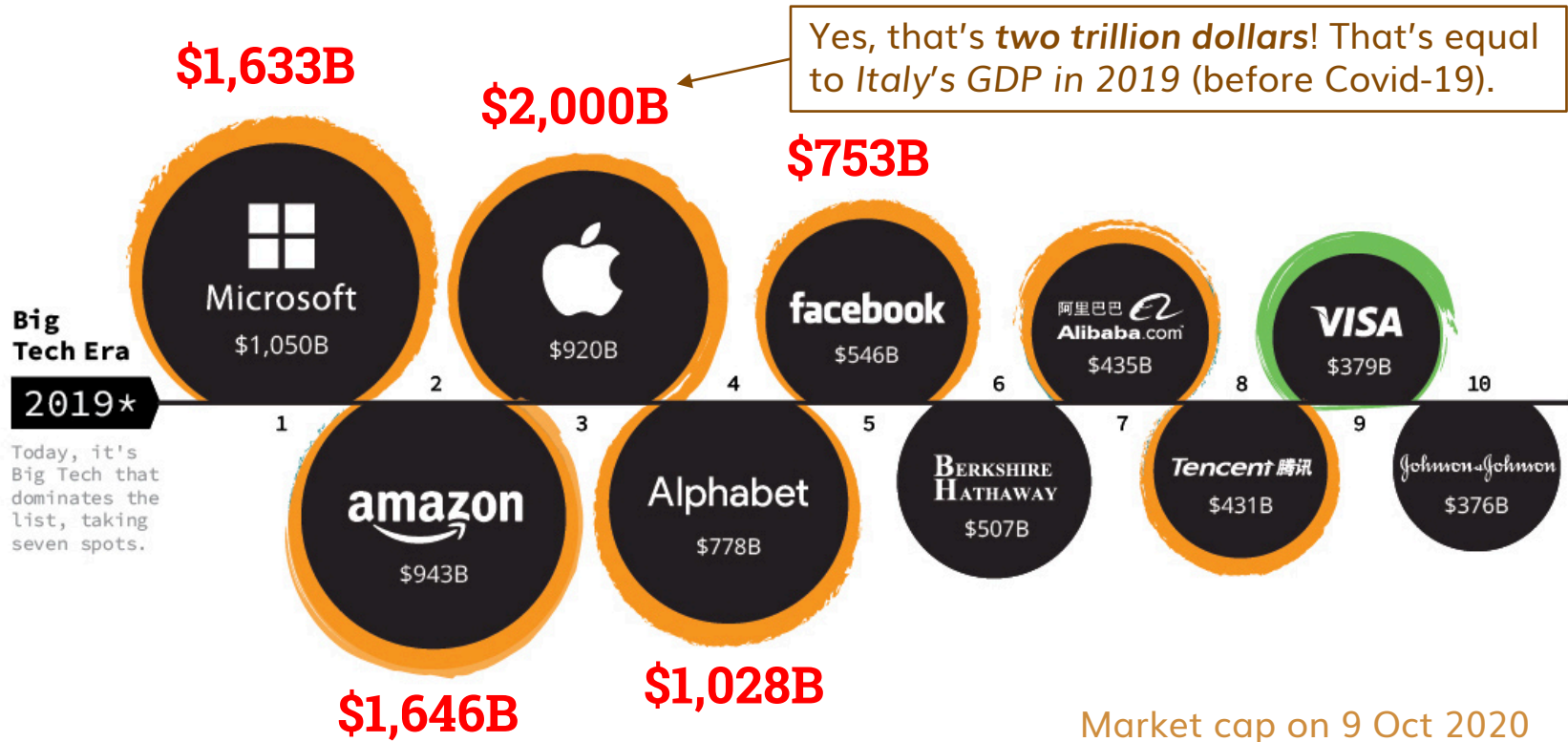


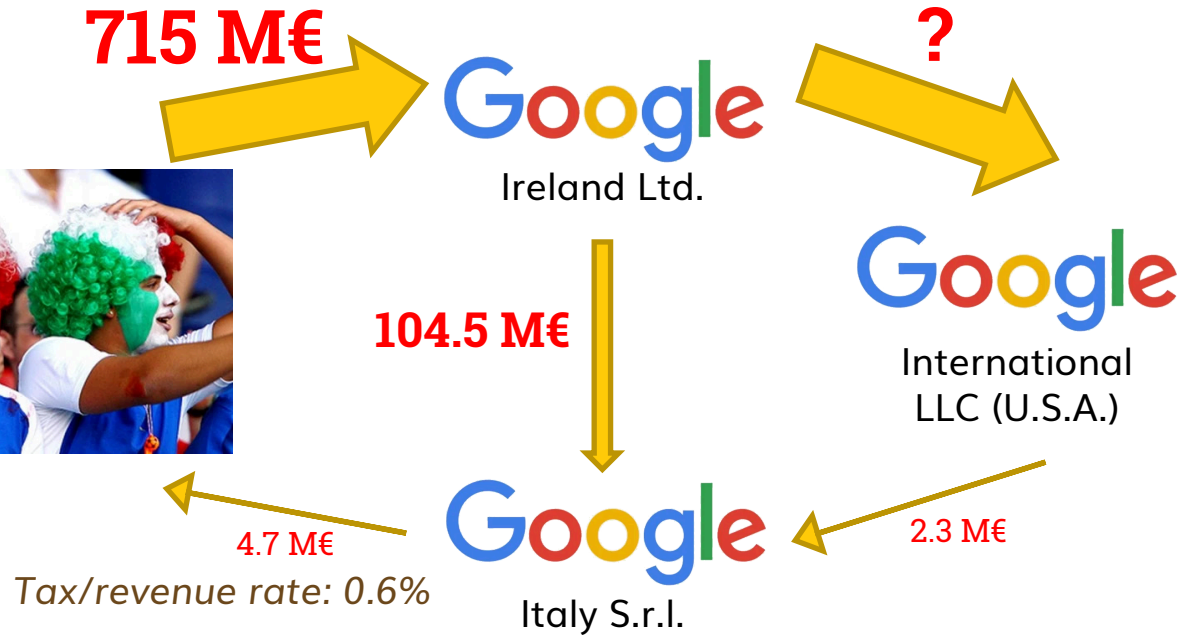
Big Tech Era

2019*

Today, it's Big Tech that dominates the list, taking seven spots.







Google's Italian advertising revenues in 2018

(Sources: AGCOM, balance sheets – Credits: Altreconomia)

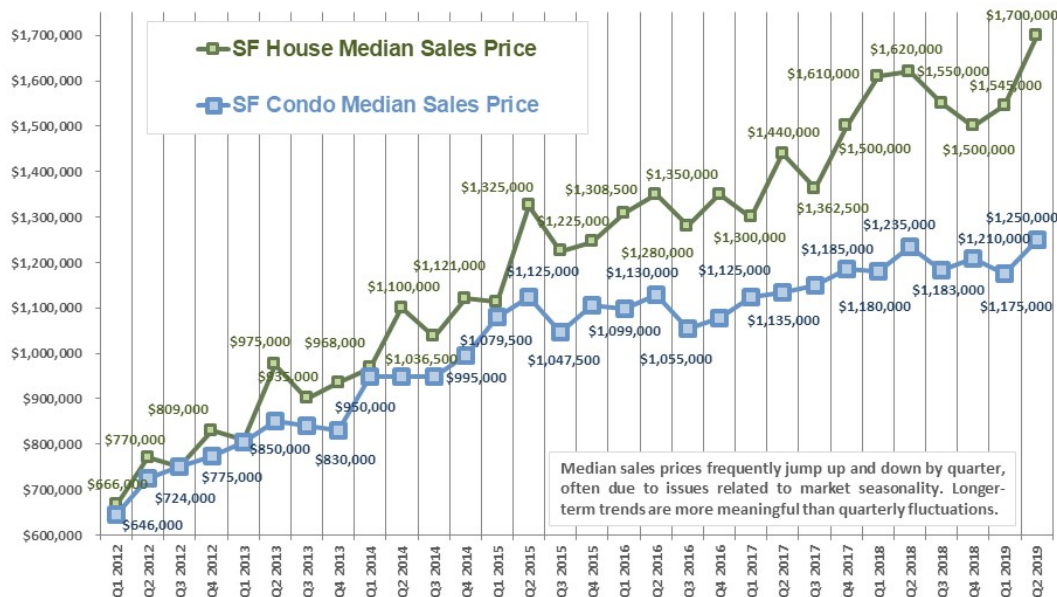


Median house
price in San
Francisco =
+155% in
7 years
(2012-2019)

San Francisco Home Price Appreciation

Median House & Condo Sales Prices, 2012 – Present, by Quarter

Sales reported to
MLS by 7/3/19.



Median sales prices frequently jump up and down by quarter, often due to issues related to market seasonality. Longer-term trends are more meaningful than quarterly fluctuations.

Median sales price is that price at which half the sales occurred for more and half for less. It is a general statistic affected by factors other than changes in fair market value. Data from sources deemed reliable, but may contain errors and subject to revision. Late reported sales may change the median prices graphed for the latest quarter, typically to an insignificant degree.

COMPASS

- 
1. Platform
 2. Silo
 3. Lock-In
 4. Trojan Horse
 5. Control
 6. One-stop
 7. Over-the-top
 8. Closed

Monopoly Records

*Hotel
California*

I am free and open
for everyone –
except for Huawei!

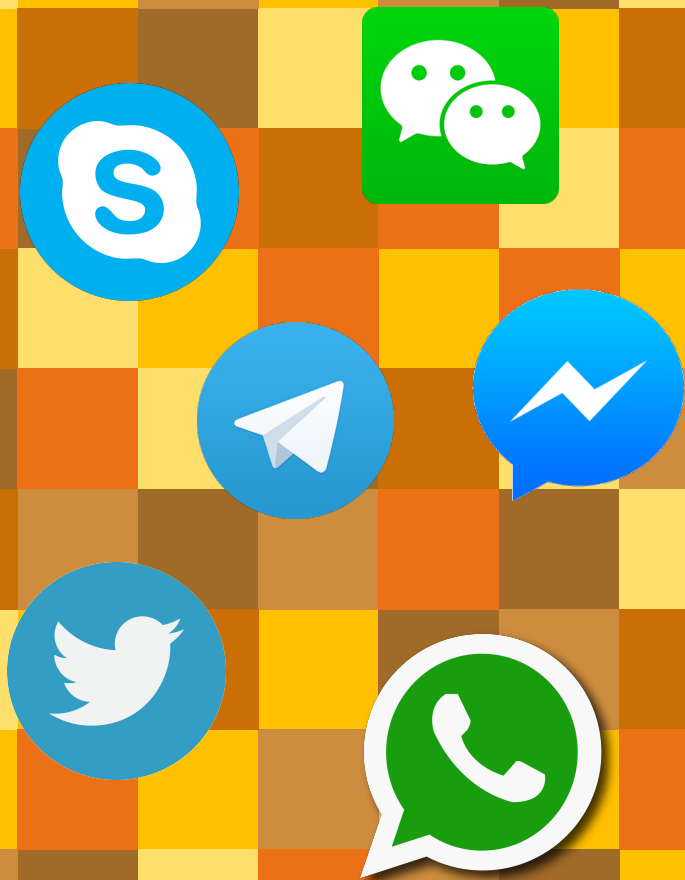
Your app must use my payment system - and give me 30%!

but any t could nge me!

iOS



I will *buy out* any startup that could ever *challenge me!*



Siloed services: Instant messaging

Each IM service is a walled garden

You cannot communicate with users of other IM services – you need an account on each service

If you move, you lose your contacts and history – you are locked in

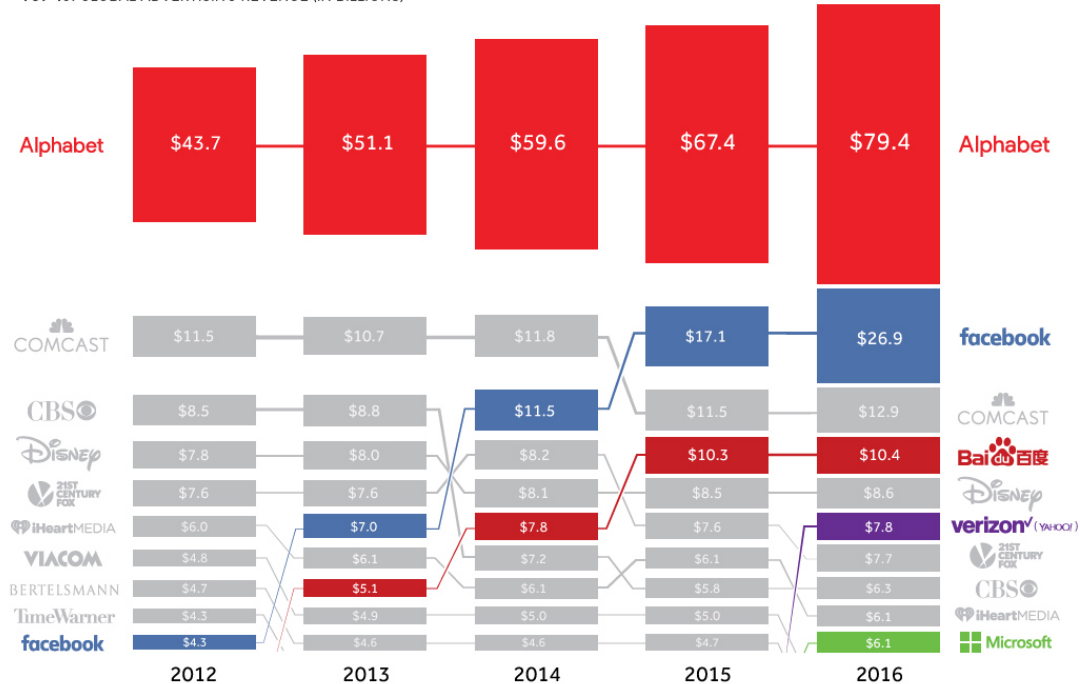
Only a few IM services can exist – you cannot compete or run yours

Either standards are closed, or deployments are closed

THE TECH TAKEOVER OF ADVERTISING

Legacy media brands are falling hard and fast

TOP 10: GLOBAL ADVERTISING REVENUE (IN BILLIONS)



SOURCE: Bloomberg, Zenith Media

visualcapitalist.com



«Surveillance capitalism» is the main business model

Even non-personal, aggregated
information is the key to success

- Best product placement and pricing
- Estimation of credit risk
- Optimization of cloud infrastructure
- Aggregated mobility patterns
- Traffic information from every phone

Advertising
Google Properties

70.4% \$96.3B

Google YouTube



Google Maps

\$55.0B **98.5%**



facebook Ads

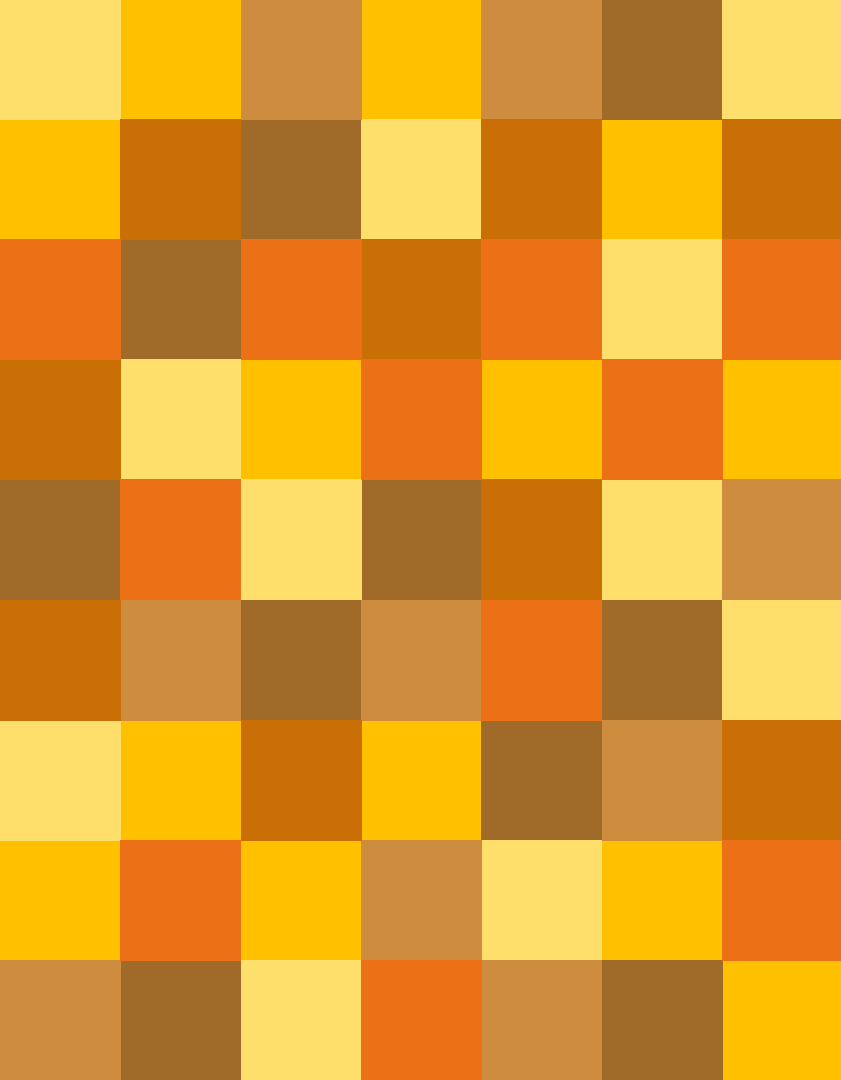
How Google and Apple outflanked governments in the race to build coronavirus apps

Tech giants played hardball in forcing policymakers to fall in line with their approach to building digital tracking tools.

By **MARK SCOTT, ELISA BRAUN, JANOSCH DELCKER AND VINCENT MANANCOURT** |
5/15/20, 5:25 AM CET | Updated 5/16/20, 5:51 AM CET

In the digital fight against COVID-19, Big Tech squared off against governments — and won.





2.

This could be heaven
or this could be hell

A decorative border composed of a grid of squares in various shades of yellow, orange, and brown, surrounding a central white rectangular area.

*The Internet was built over
(and successful thanks to)
a few innovative
technical + policy principles*

Permissionless innovation

No advance authorization or license is required to deploy new content, new devices, new technology, new services over the Internet



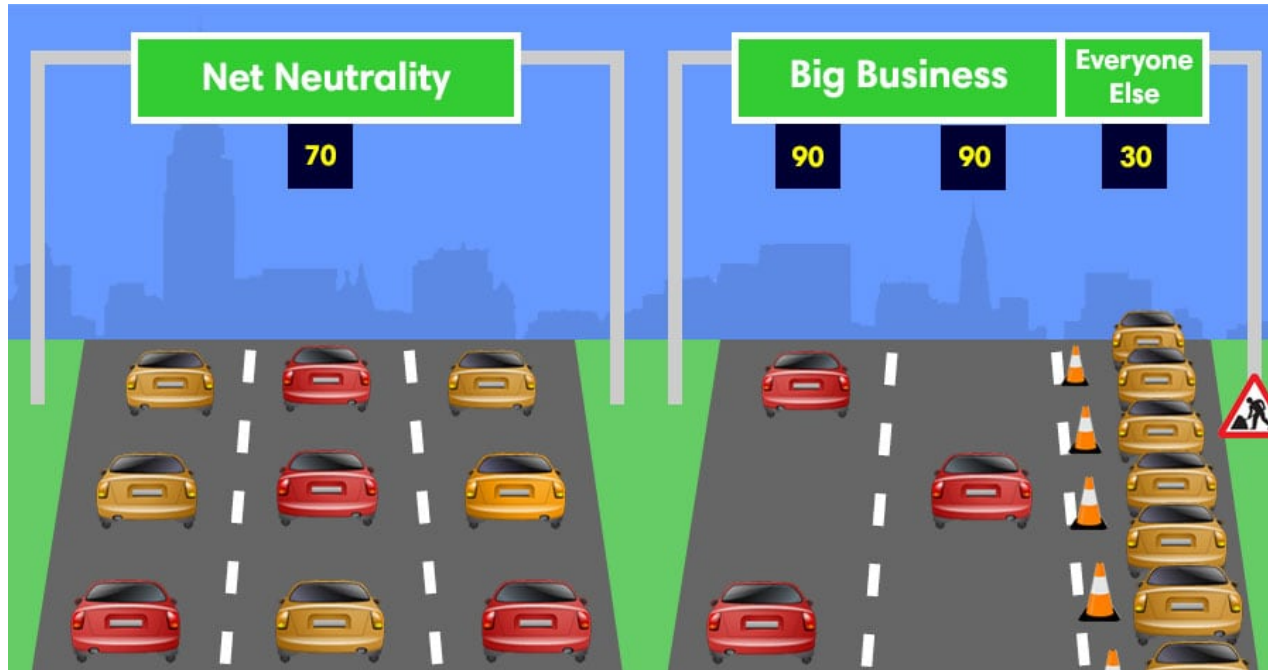
(Source of the picture: IETF blog)

Internet vs Telcos

«Permissionless innovation»
was conceived as the
opposite of traditional
telecommunication
regulation



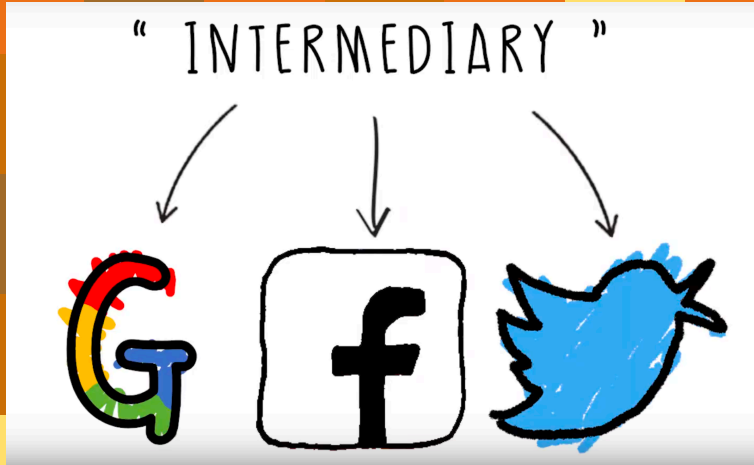
This allowed the Internet to grow much
more quickly than traditional PSTN and
replace it



Network neutrality

A way to prevent telcos from «gatekeeping» Internet services

Intermediary liability exemption



Platforms distributing user-generated content are not legally responsible for it (at least until flagged)

*A
DECLARATION
OF THE
INDEPENDENCE
OF
CYBERSPACE
BY JOHN PERRY-BARLOW*



Governments and national laws are not welcome

«The Internet thrives because it is global and unregulated»

«The Internet defeats bad governments and brings democracy to the world»

Encrypt everything



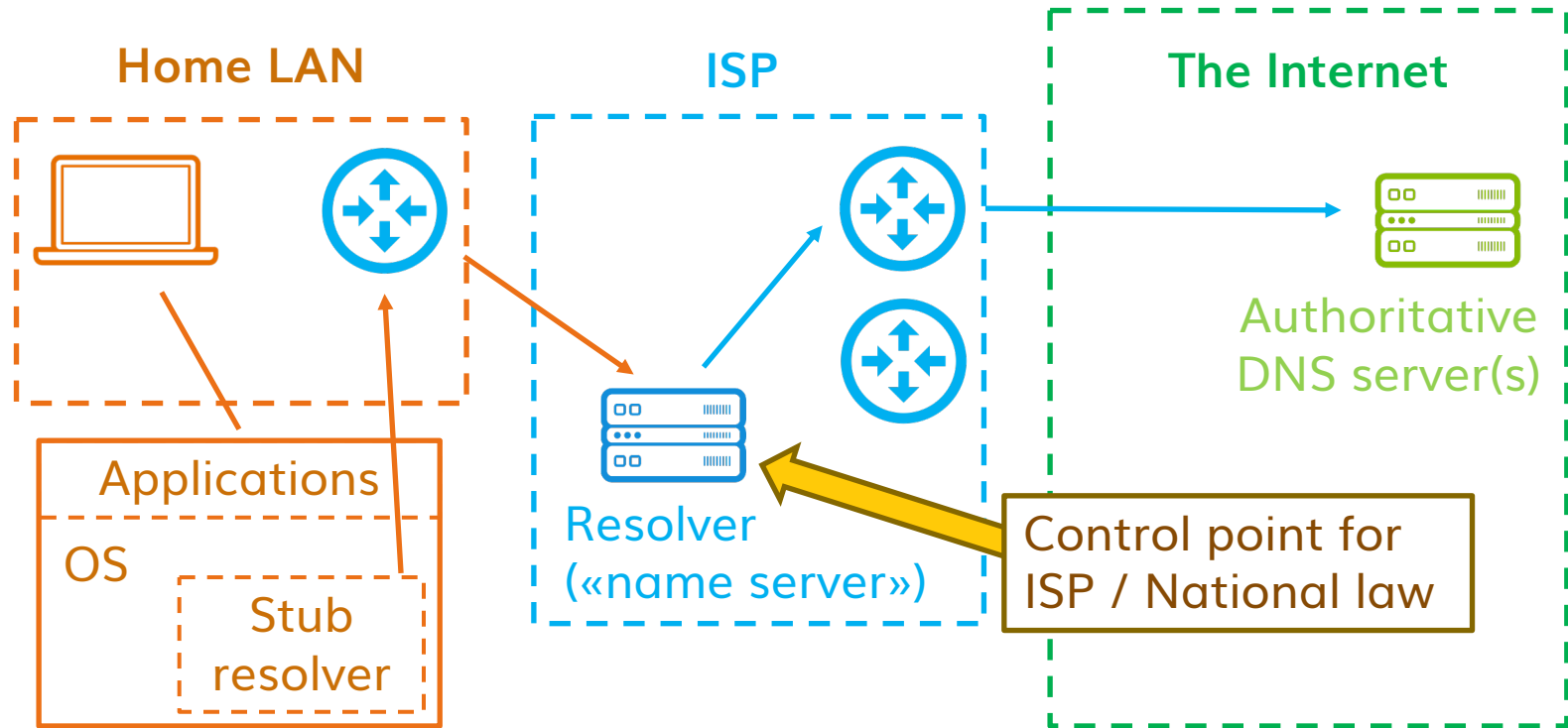
A reaction to Snowden
Official IETF guideline
Big platforms make
encryption (e.g. HTTPS)
a requirement
Organized lobbying
against anti-encryption
law proposals

A decorative border composed of a grid of squares in various shades of yellow, orange, and brown, surrounding a central white rectangle.

Encryption is a good thing

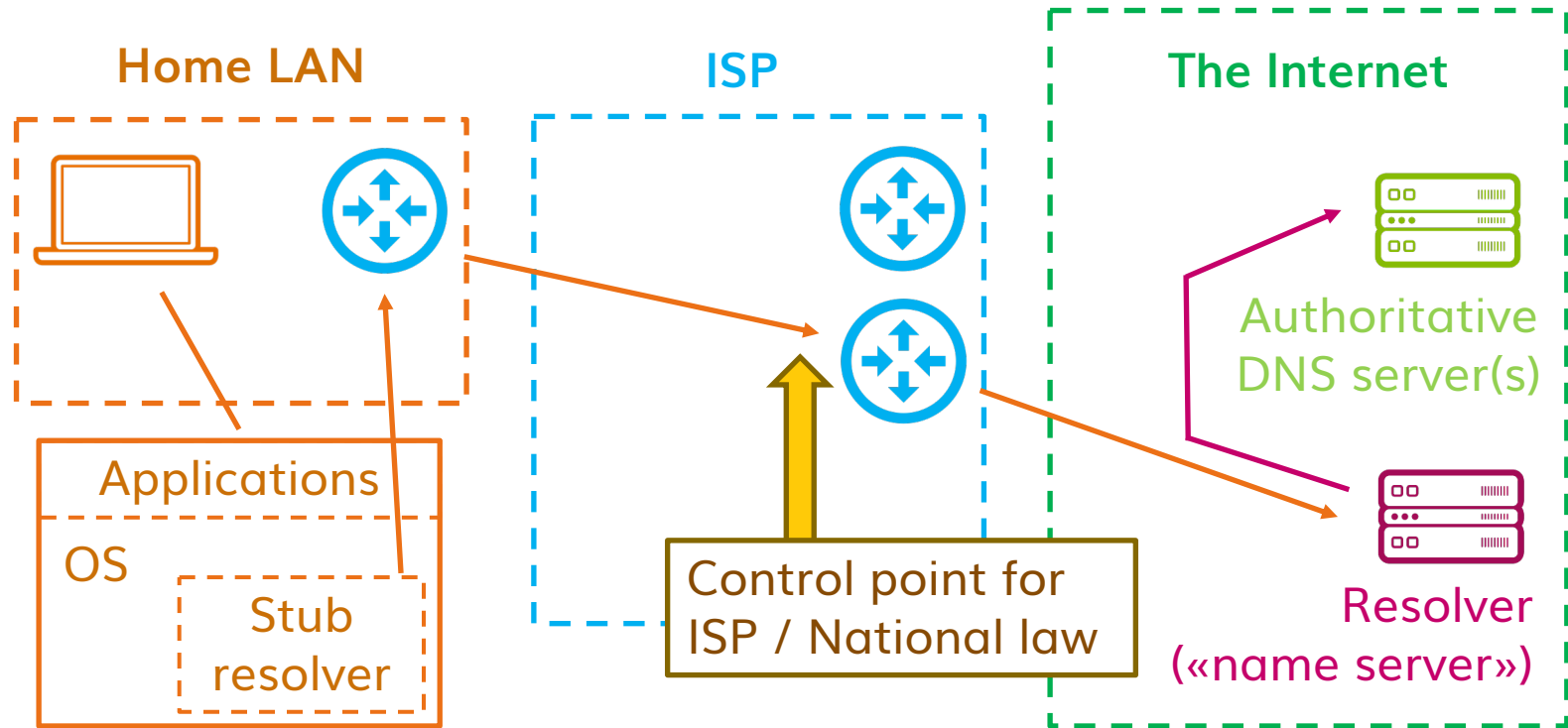
*You should encrypt
your communications*

*State-run backdoors in encryption
are a bad idea*

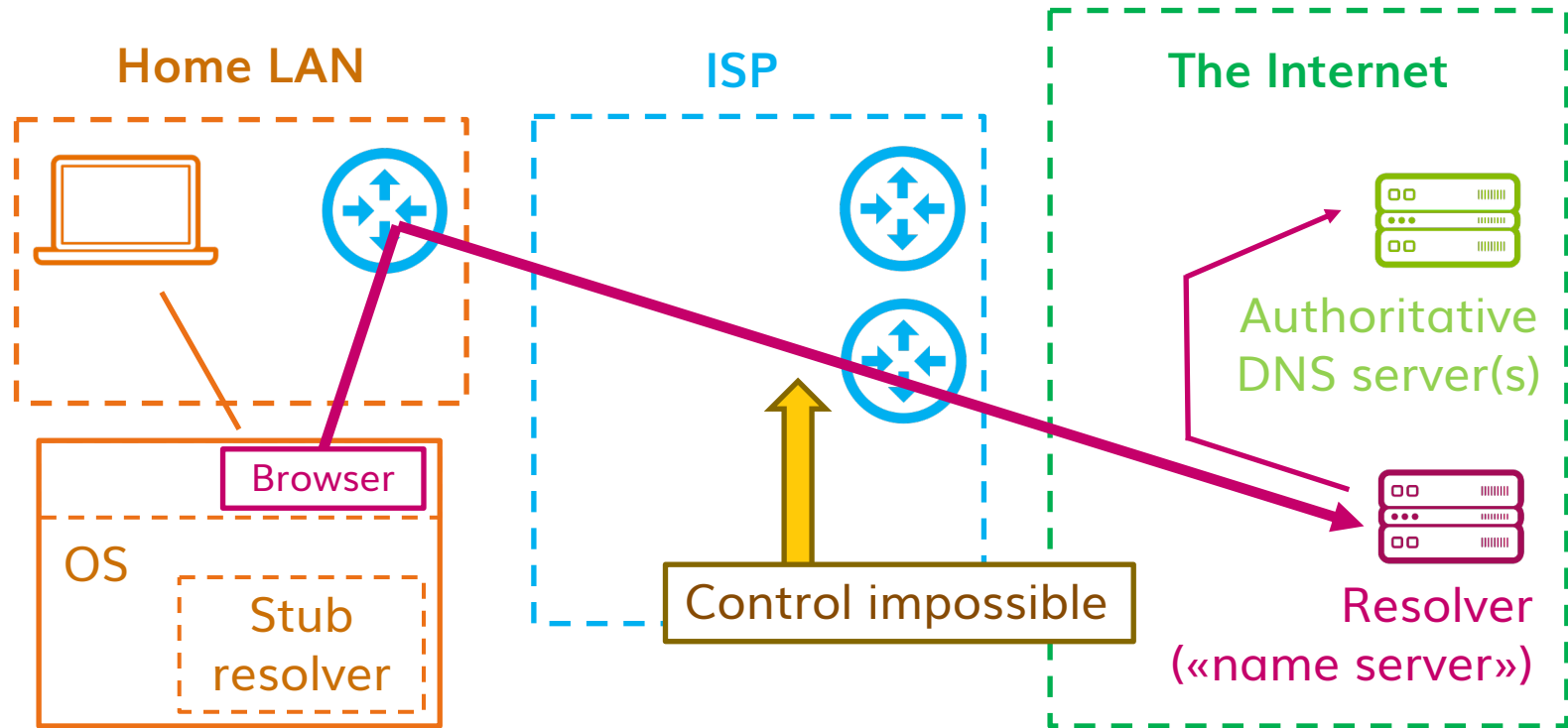


Local DNS resolution





Remote DNS resolution (unencrypted)



Remote DNS-over-HTTPS resolution

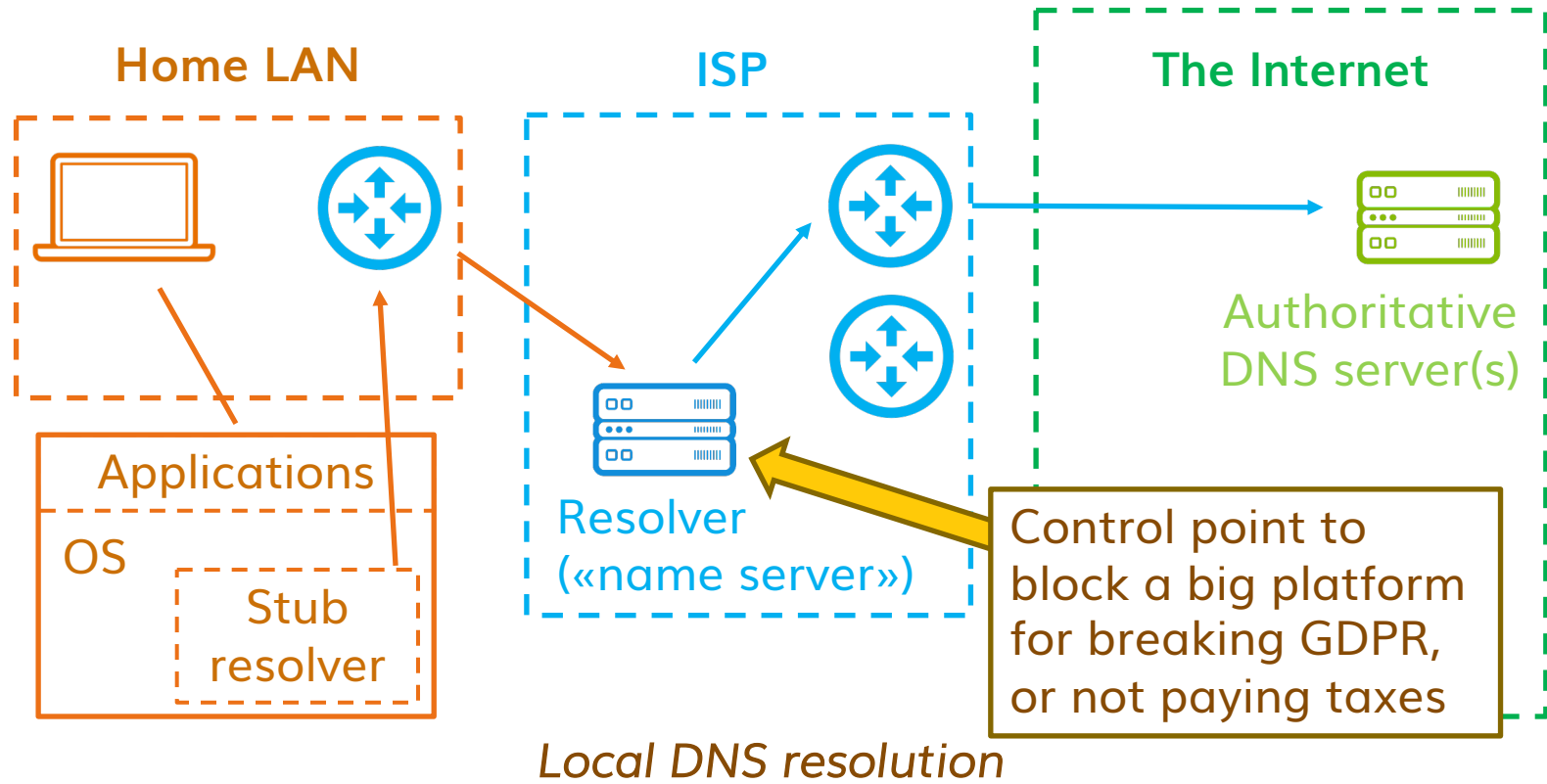
Local control is not always bad

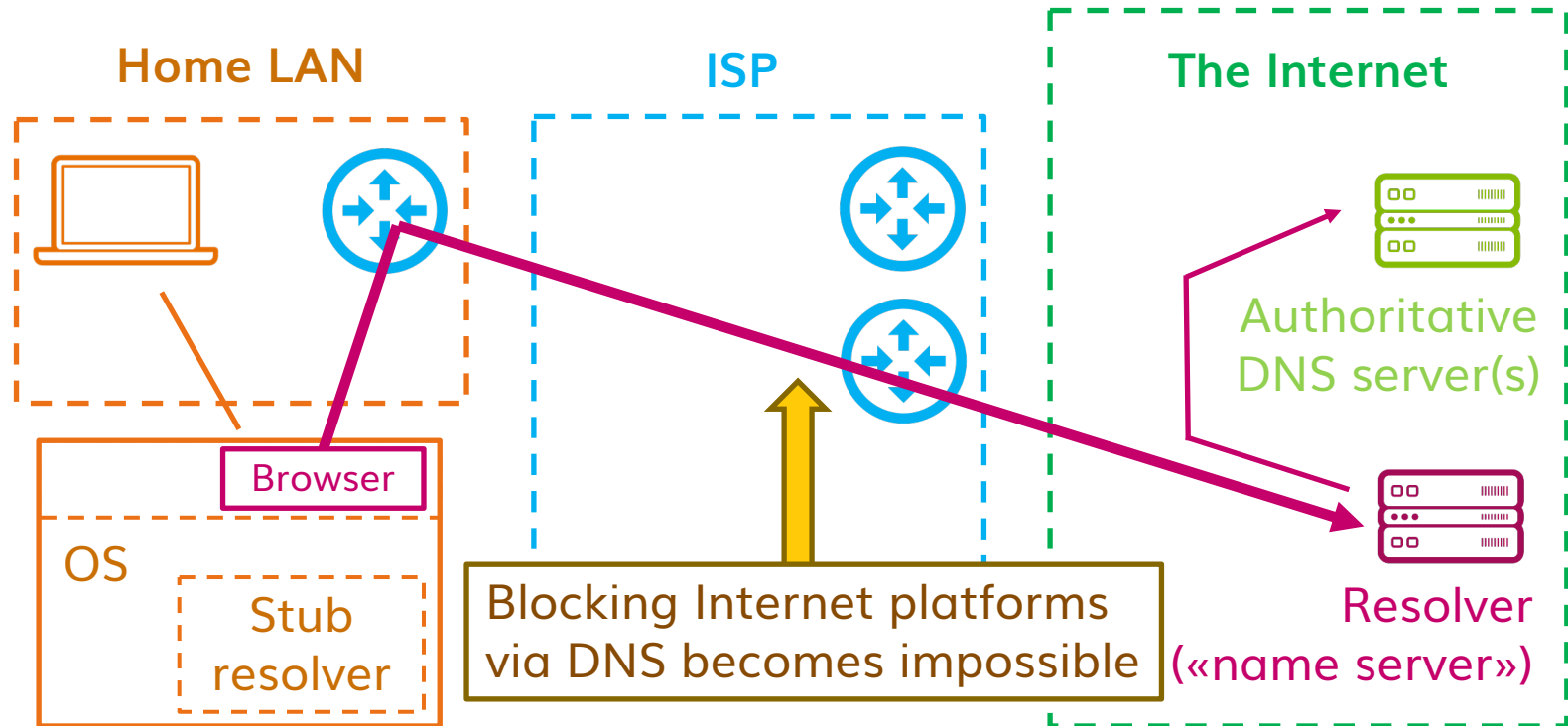
1. Blocking malware and phishing
2. Detecting active botnets
3. Providing parental controls
4. Blocking child sexual abuse material
5. Blocking fixed gambling websites,
counterfeit shops, illegal pharmacies...

...but still, some think that privacy and individual freedom should always prevail

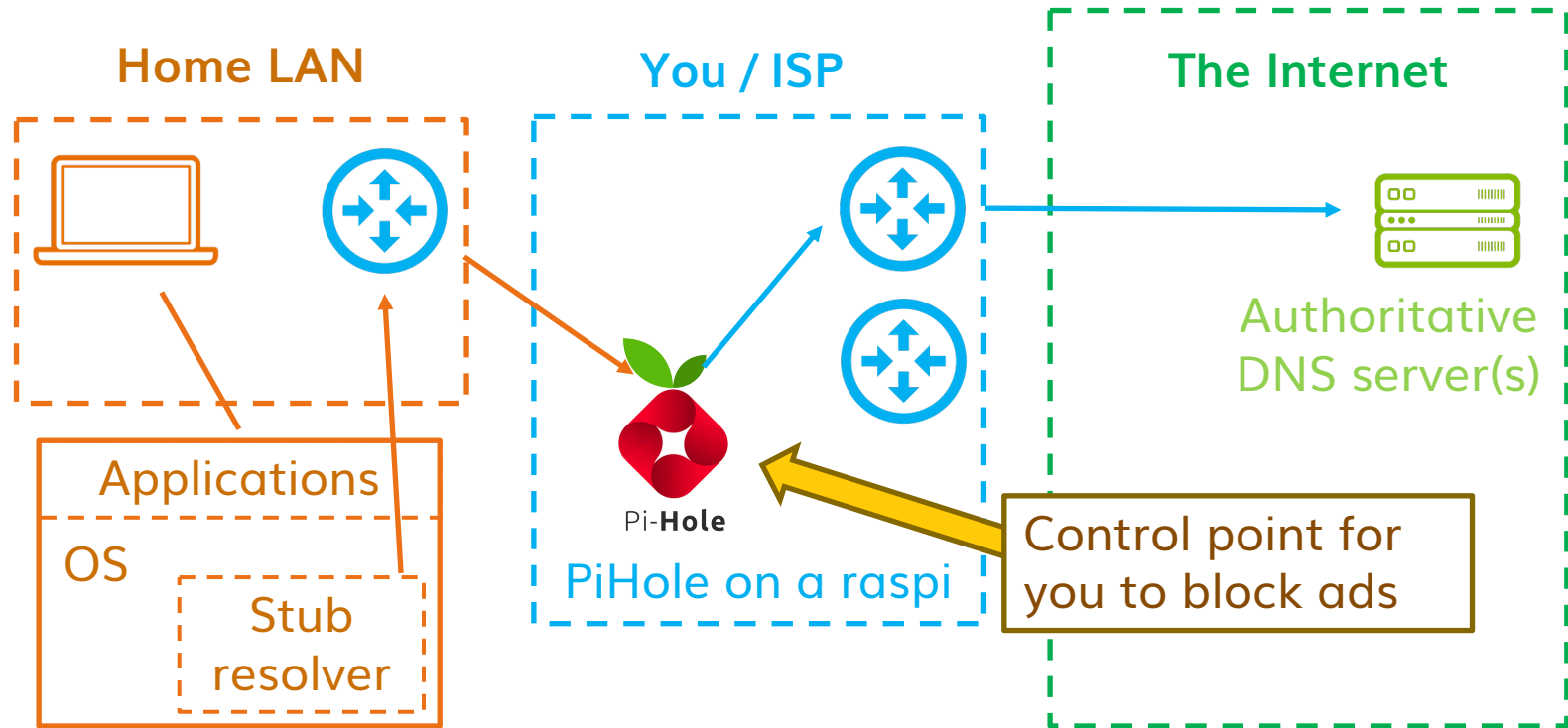


*Is this really about
privacy and freedom?*

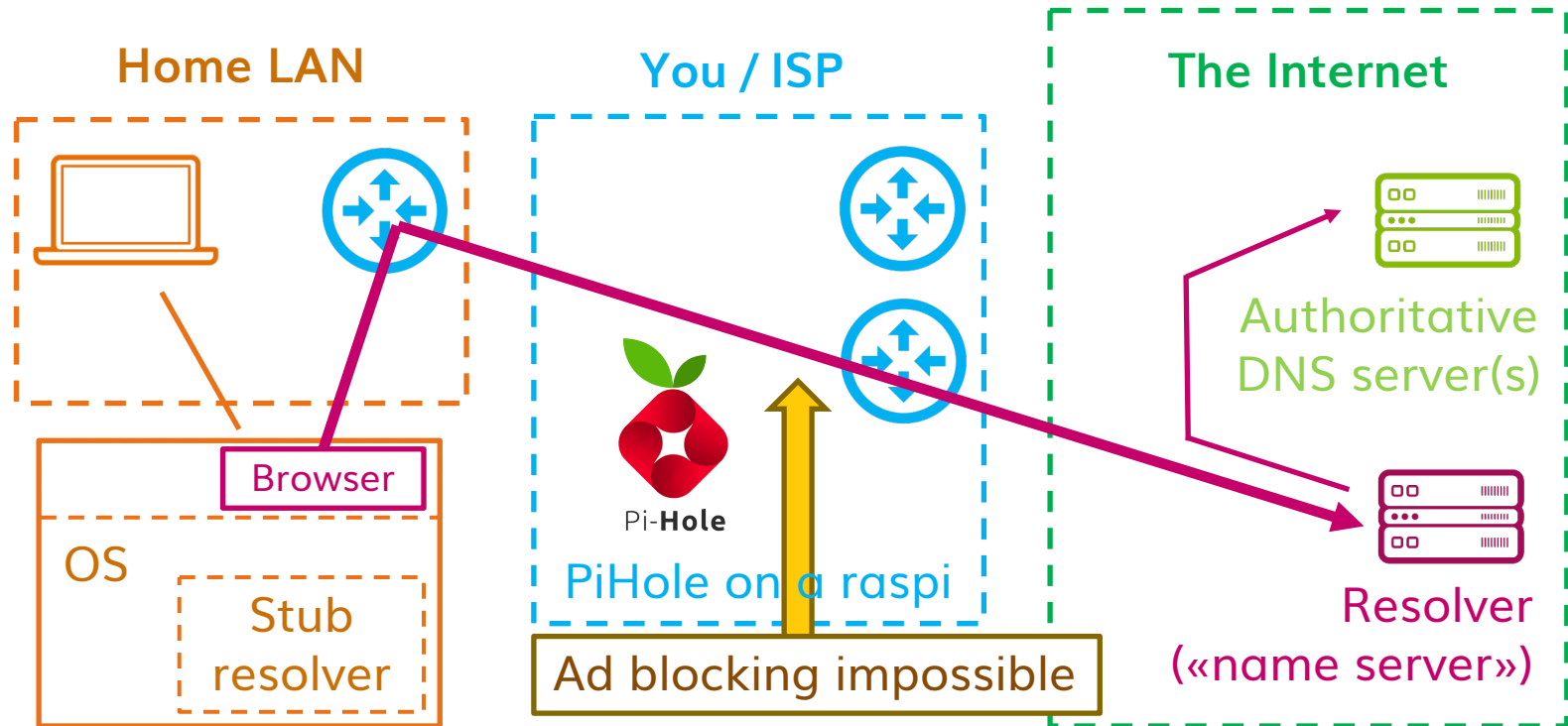




Remote DNS-over-HTTPS resolution



Local DNS resolution



Remote DNS-over-HTTPS resolution

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*Encryption is also
about control*



The Internet of other people's things

We are filling our homes with devices that send back encrypted data all the time

We have no control over what they send

Even if there are laws to protect us, it is increasingly impossible to enforce them



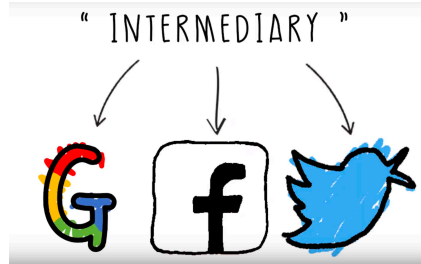
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*I can vote for my
government.*

*Can I vote for
Facebook's CEO?*



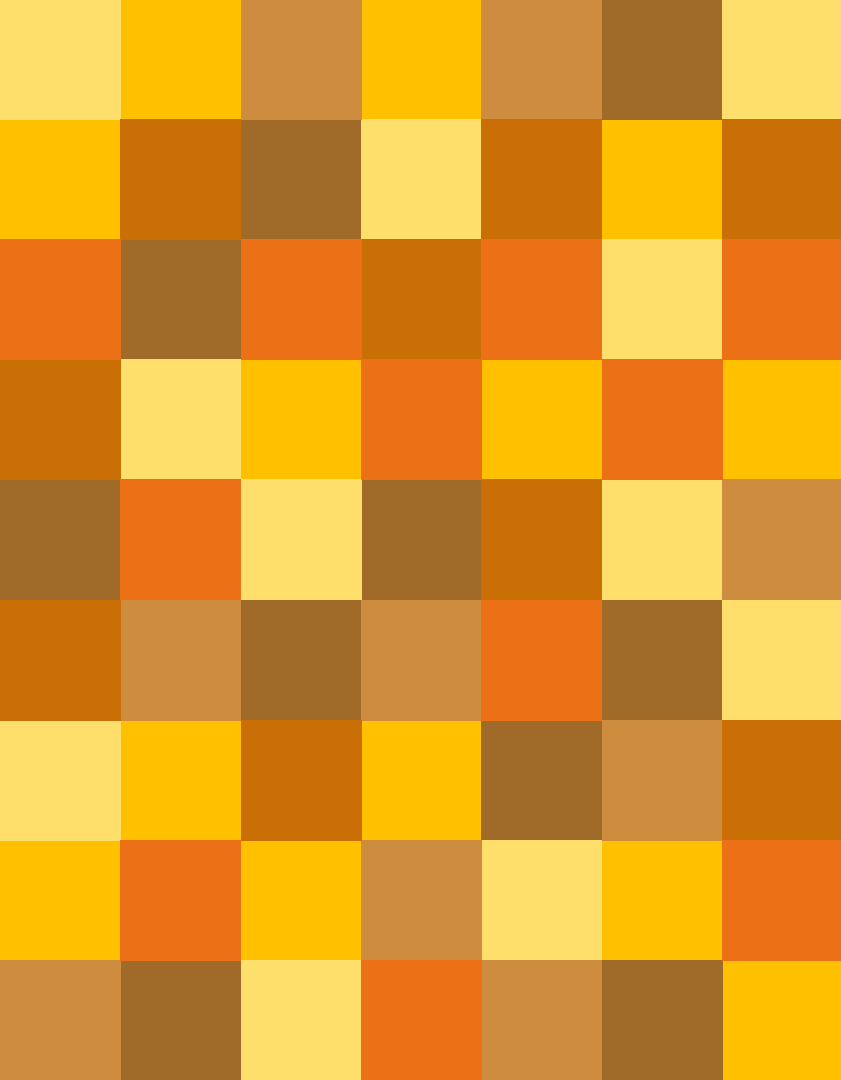
«We can do anything
we want to preserve
our dominant position
and our revenues»



«We can spread out
fake news, anti-covid
propaganda, abusive
material and make
money out of it»



«We are
above the law»



3.

Last thing I remember
I was running for the
door

Shaping Europe's Digital Future

Europe's digital sovereignty:
From rulemaker to superpower
in the age of US-China rivalry

Essay Collection
Carla Hobbs (ed.)
30th July, 2020

© Xavier Lejeune / European Union, 2020 - ©

Europe's requests to big tech

1. Pay taxes here
2. Stop tracking and profiling our citizens
3. Share your aggregated datasets
4. Do not steal our startups
5. Do not kill our competition through your dominant positions
6. Stop spreading fake news and illegal content while making money out of it
7. Let our police intercept criminals

Open source is fit for Europe



Europe is an archipelago
of countries, languages,
societies, markets

It works by horizontal
cooperation

It does not produce
GAFAMs, but alliances of
SMEs

An effective alliance



Freely accessible
technology

Cooperative
development

Open standards



Competition and
consumer defense

Enforcement of
rules

Funding

Coming soon (hopefully)

1. Digital Services Act
 - Rules and liability on content
2. Digital Markets Act
 - New competition tool
 - Interoperability requirements
 - Data sharing requirements
3. eIDAS regulation revision
 - Open public identities

Thanks!

Any questions?

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